A Practical Skills Session

UPDATED TITLE STANDARDS ON DEATH TITLE ISSUES Presented by: Co-Chairs of REBA's Standards & Forms Committee

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&

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Company



AGENDA

- Title Standard 41 List of Heirs
- Title Standard 71 Evidence of Death of Deceased Joint Owners and Life Tenants
- Title Standard **14** Missing Probates
 - ✓ Discussion of What Changed and Why
 - ✓ Practical Application

TITLE STANDARD 41 LIST OF HEIRS

What changed and why?

- > Pre-MUPC Listing of spouse and heirs at law deemed reliable
- > MUPC adopted in March of 2012 (10 years ago)
- Question presented: Can listings in an informal probate as to identity of heirs at law and spouse provide reliable evidence?
- > Amended in November 2019

Pre-Amendment

REBA Title Standard No. 41
List of Heirs

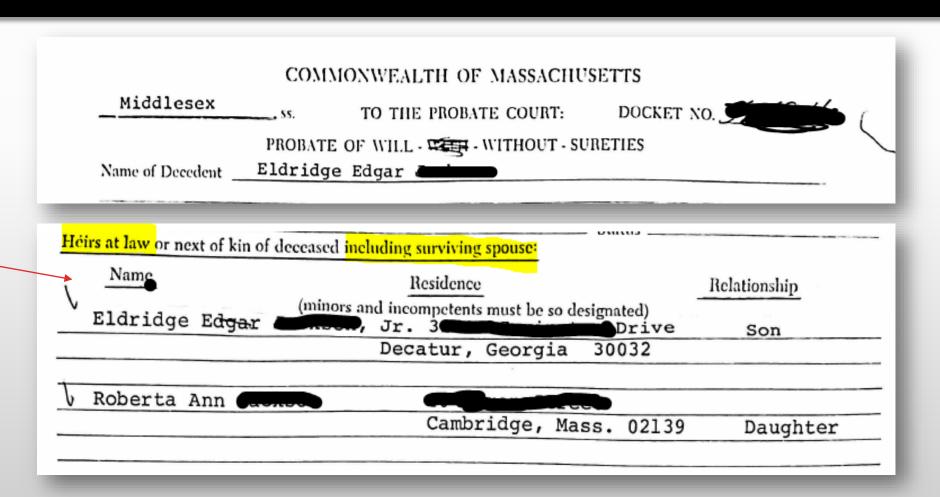
The listing of heirs on a petition filed prior to March 31, 2012 in a probate court in connection with the probate of a will or the administration of an estate may be relied upon as complete and accurate in the absence of evidence to the contrary recorded or filed in the appropriate registry of deeds or probate.

EXAMPLE - LIST OF HEIRS PRE-MUPC

Initial filing with court-seeking to Probate Estate of Decedent.

Form included a place to LIST spouse and heirs.

note bottom of form contained a space for Judge's signature indicating allowance (reliance only upon allowance)



MPC Form 162 – Surviving Spouse, Children Children Heirs at Law – filed as part of the Informal Filing and allowance (note completed in both Informal and Formal Probates)

- ✓ Must be completed with each filing.
- ✓ Provides detailed instructions to aid preparing in arriving at heirs-at-law are

NOTE Justice or Magistrate must approve filing of probate using form MPC 750 (called "Order of Informal Probate of Will and/or Appointment of Personal Representative")

Formal Probate v. Informal Probate

 In a Formal Probate proceedings, due to nature of proceedings heirsat-law are determined upon allowance. (Form 755 or 757)

SURVIVING SPOUSE, CH HEIRS AT LAW G. L. c. 190B, § 3-301	ILDREN,	cket No.		Commonwealth of Massachusetts The Trial Court Probate and Family Court					
☐ Original Form ☐ Ar	mended Form								
Estate of:						ivision			
First Name Middle Name	Last Nam	e -				ivision			
Date of Death:									
ALL PETITIONERS MUST COMPLETE LIN	NE 1 AND LINE 2.								
The Decedent did not leave a surviving spouse. left a surviving spouse:									
NAME OF SURVIVING SPOUSE ADDRESS (omit if since deceased)									
7									
2. a.The Decedent did not have chi	ldren (<i>biological or add</i>	opted) h	nad the following o						
NAME OF DECEDENT'S CHILD	ADDRE	SS (omit if dec	ceased)	CHILD OF SURVIVING SPOUSE M		MINOR			
				☐Yes	□ No	Yes			
				Yes	□ No	Yes			
				Yes	No	Yes			
 □ b. The surviving spouse has surviving descendants (children, grandchildren, etc.) who are <u>not</u> descendants of the Decedent. Complete line 3 ONLY if the Decedent left children in line 2a who are also heirs at law. 3. □ a. All of the children listed in 2a <u>survived</u> the Decedent. □ b. The following children listed in 2a died <u>before</u> the Decedent: 									
	F PREDECEASED CH				DATE OF D	EATH			
NAME OF	F FREDECEASED CF	IILD			DATE OF D	LAIN			
c. The predeceased child(ren) listed did not leave surviving descen left the following surviving des	ndants (children, grand		-						
Complete line 3 ONLY if the Decedent left			irs at law.						
3. a. All of the children listed in 2a graph. b. The following children listed in									
NAME OF	F PREDECEASED CHI	LD		DAI	DATE OF DEATH				
c. The predeceased child(ren) listed did not leave surviving descending the following surviving descending surviving descending the following surviving descending the following surviving descending the following surviving descending the following surviving descending surviving surviving surviving surviving surviving surviving surviving surviving surviving s	ndants (children, grandc								
MPC 162 (4/15/16) SCH page 1 of 3									
NAME OF SURVIVING DESCENDANT OF PREDECEASED CHILD	NAME OF SURVIVING DESCENDANT OF PREDECEASED CHILD ADDRESS (omit if since deceased)			RELATIONSHIP TO DECEDENT A MINO		NOR			
					□ Ye	es			
						_			
Complete line 4 ONLY if the Decedent left NO surviving descendants (children, grandchildren, etc.). Otherwise STOP and go to line 7 and line 8.									
The Decedent did not leave a sur NAME OF SURVIVING PAR		a surviving pa	rent or parents:	f almon -t	()	_			
NAME OF SURVIVING PAR		ADDRESS (omit if since deceased)							

Title Standard 41 – as Amended

The listing of a surviving spouse (if any) and heirs in proceedings filed in a Massachusetts probate court may be relied upon as complete and accurate in the absence of evidence to the contrary recorded or filed in the appropriate registry of deeds or probate:

A. on an allowed petition for the probate of a will or administration of an estate filed prior to March 31, 2012;

Part A: is the OLD standard

B. in a Decree and Order of the court that makes a determination of heirs in either a formal or informal probate; or

Part B: NEW – reliance upon Court Order

C. In an original or duly amended list of Surviving Spouse, Children, Heirs at Law (Form MPC 162), filed with or after a Petition for Informal Appointment of Personal Representative pursuant to G.L. c. 190B, § 3-301 (Form MPC 150) that has been allowed by an Order of Informal Appointment of Personal Representative (a) after 12 months from the approval of the informal petition, or (b) three years from the date of death, whichever is later provided, however, that at least one of the following also applies:

Part C: NEW – reliance on listing, but...

- 1. a Decree and Order of Complete Settlement has been issued but it fails to formally determine the surviving spouse and heirs or fails to confirm the listing of the surviving spouse and heirs on the Form MPC 162;
- 2.a Closing Statement (Form MPC 850) has been duly filed pursuant to G.L. c. 190B, § 3-1003 and no challenge to the Closing Statement or other proceedings involving the personal representative were pending at the end of one year after the Closing Statement was filed;
- 3. six years have passed since the allowance of the Bond of the Personal Representative.

APPLICATION IN THE REAL WORLD

- Until November 2019 No reliance in an Informal Probate unless
- ✓ Allowance for an **Order of Complete Settlement** With a **Determination of Heirs.** (note: Petition for Order of Complete Settlement, which doesn't request Determination of Heirs, leaves heirs undetermined).
- ORDER of Complete Settlement requires:
 - ✓ Wait at least 1 year from date of death
 - ✓ Wait at least 1 year from the appointment of the PR in the proceeding.
 - ✓ Filing fees, publication fees, final account fees.
 - ✓ Filing of multiple forms, including Petition for Order of Complete Settlement, Inventory, First and Final Account, Military Affidavit
 - ✓ Provide notice to all interested parties
 - ✓ Wait for court to rule on petition

Decedent died intestate, can I rely on this? There's No Formal Adjudication of Spouse, Children, Heirs-at-Law

Docket Information				
♦ Docket Date	Docket Text			
11/14/2013	Certificate of Death			
11/14/2013	Bond without Sureties			
11/14/2013	An Interested Person, Billy Don Smith, Filed MPC 455 to Assent and Waiver of Notice			
11/14/2013	An Interested Person, Rodney Smith, Filed MPC 455 to Assent and Waiver of Notice		Note: the proba- court has had some form revisions and in the early years o	
11/14/2013	An Interested Person, Melinda Johnson, Filed MPC 455 to Assent and Waiver of Notice	some		
11/14/2013	Petition for Informal Probate			
11/14/2013	Order for Informal Probate of Will and/or Appointment of Personal Representative		MUPC, the use, Childre	
11/14/2013	Affidavit as to Military Service		irs-at-Law	
11/14/2013	Bond Without Sureties Approved Tara DeCristofaro	inclu of the NOW	was ded as par e petition. /, a separat is used.	

Date of Death: August 6, 2012

✓ proceeding under MUPC - YES

Do we fall under the New Standard?

- ✓ List of Spouse, children and heirs at law are included in the Petition for Informal YES.
- ✓ Was the PR appointed and Bond approved YES
- ✓ Have more than six (6) years passed YES

TITLE STANDARD 71 EVIDENCE OF DEATH OF DECEASED JOINT OWNERS AND LIFE TENANTS

What changed and why?

- ➤ In 2019, a question was presented to the Standards and Forms Committee whether additional evidence was reliable of death of a joint owner or life tenant, in addition to those listed in TS 71
- A revised version of TS 71 was adopted in **May of 2019** to reflect these additional sources of information deemed reliable (related to DOR forms)
- In 2020, prompted by increasing difficulties for non-family members to obtain death certificates, further additional sources of evidence of death were added
- > TS 71 was further amended in **November 2020** to reflect the alternate sources deemed reliable

Pre-Amendment

REBA Title Standard No. 71

Evidence of Death of Deceased Joint Owners and Life Tenants

A title derived from surviving joint owner(s), or from remainderpersons after the death of life tenant(s) or from a personal representative or an executor, administrator, guardian, conservator, heir(s) or devisee(s) of such survivor(s) or remainderperson(s) (collectively, "Survivors"), is not defective by reason of any uncertainty as to the death of the deceased joint owner or life tenant if evidence of the death is established by:

- a) a death certificate recorded at the Registry of Deeds in the district where the property is located or a death certificate filed with or noted in the docket of a probate or other proceeding in the Probate Court in the county where the real property is located; or
- b) the recording at the Registry of Deeds in the district where the property is located of
 - a certified copy of an approved or allowed petition for a domestic or foreign probate or administration of the decedent's estate, or a certificate of appointment in such matter, which in either case recites the decedent's date of death, provided that recording of such petition in the Registry of Deeds shall not be necessary if such petition is filed in the same county where the property is located; or
 - 2) a Massachusetts Inheritance Tax Lien Release ("L-8") relative to the decedent's interest in the property; or
 - 3) a Massachusetts Certificate of Release of Estate Tax Lien ("M-792") relative to the decedent's interest in the property; or
 - 4) a deed for the real property from such Survivors that contains a recital that the decedent has died, even if no date or place of death is recited, provided, however, that such deed has been recorded for more than 20 years.

EXAMPLES: L-8, M-792

		ons and Taxation 1930 au, Room 707 Boston 02204 LEASE OF LIEN
	MUST BE FILED IN DUPLICATE WITH TOGETHER WITH CERTIFIED C	OPY OF DEED, IF ANY
. ;	P	Date March 8, 1972.
	Docke	t No. (if any)
ES	TATE OF EINO KANGAS	
LA	ATE OFLowell, Middlesex County, Massac	
Th	City on and is to certify that:	
	An inheritance tax has been paid, or No inheritance tax is due on any interest the	at accrued to
3	ALICE L. KANGAS	
	NAME OF PERSON(S) TO WH	
130	X As Surviving Joint Owner(s)	As Donee(s)
<u> </u>	As Beneficiary(ies) u/Trust	As Devisee(s) or Legatee(s) u/Will, or u/Administration
In	Real Estate located in Lowell, Middlesex Count	y, Massachusetts
X	As described by Deed dated July 3, 19	CITY OR TOWN 69 and recorded in
	Middlesex North District Deeds Book No.	1891 Page No. <u>299</u> , <u>or</u>
	As described by certificate of Title No.	recorded in
1 7 1		
	COUNTY LAND REGISTRATION OFFICE	OMMISSIONER OF CORPORATIONS AND TAXATION

BK30285PG358

Form M-792

Certificate Releasing Massachusetts Estate Tax Lien

Rev. 3/95
Massachusetts
Department of

File in triplicate with copy of recorded deed. Mail to: Name Estate of Charles Newton C/o Hilton & Bishop 159 Town Hall Square Falmouth, MA 02540 City/Town, State, Zip code Estate Tax Bureau P.O. Box 7023, Boston, MA 02204 Decedents first name and initial Charles Newton Peabody Problecourt Date of death 08/09/1998 Docket number 9814176 Residence (domicile) at time of death 265 Belknap Road Framingham MA 01701

This Certificate releases the lien of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts imposed by Chapter 65C of the General Laws, on any and all interests which the decedent may have had in the property described below:

Real Estate (full legal description not necessary)

Location of property 265 Belknap Road Framingham MA 01701

Number Street City/Town Zip code

As described by Deed dated November 14, 1985 and recorded in

Middlesex South Book No. 016628 Page No. 181 , or

Title Standard 71 – 2019 Amendments

A title derived from surviving joint owner(s), or from remainderpersons after the death of life tenant(s) or from a personal representative or an executor, administrator, guardian, conservator, heir(s) or devisee(s) of such survivor(s) or remainderperson(s) (collectively, "Survivors"), is not defective by reason of any uncertainty as to the death of the deceased joint owner or life tenant if evidence of the death is established by:

- a) a death certificate recorded at the Registry of Deeds in the district where the property is located or a death certificate filed with or noted in the docket of a probate or other proceeding in the Probate Court in the county where the real property is located; or
- a) the recording at the Registry of Deeds in the district where the property is located of
 - 1) a certified copy of an approved or allowed petition for a domestic or foreign probate or administration of the decedent's estate, or a certificate of appointment in such matter, which in either case recites the decedent's date of death, provided that recording of such petition in the Registry of Deeds shall not be necessary if such petition is filed in the same county where the property is located; or
- NEW ----
- 2) a Massachusetts Inheritance Tax Lien Release ("L-8 <u>or L-53</u>") relative to the decedent's interest in the property; or
- 3) a Massachusetts Certificate of Release of Estate Tax Lien ("M-792") relative to the decedent's interest in the property; or
- 4) a deed for the real property from such Survivors that contains a recital that the decedent has died, even if no date or place of death is recited, provided, however, that such deed has been recorded for more than 20 years.

Title Standard 71 – 2020 Amendments

A title derived from surviving joint owner(s), or from remainderpersons after the death of life tenant(s) or from a personal representative or an executor, administrator, guardian, conservator, heir(s) or devisee(s) of such survivor(s) or remainderperson(s) (collectively, "Survivors"), is not defective by reason of any uncertainty as to the death of the deceased joint owner or life tenant if evidence of the death is established by:

- (a) a death certificate recorded at the Registry of Deeds in the district where the property is located or a death certificate filed with or noted in the docket of a probate or other proceeding in the Probate Court in the any county where the real property is located of Massachusetts; or
- (b) the recording at the Registry of Deeds in the district where the property is located of:
 - (1) a certified copy of an approved or allowed petition for a domestic or foreign probate or administration of the decedent's estate, or a certificate of appointment in such matter, which in either case recites the decedent's date of death, provided that recording of such petition in the Registry of Deeds shall not be necessary if such petition is filed in the same county where the property is located any county; or
 - (2) a Massachusetts Inheritance Tax Lien Release ("L-8 or L-53") relative to the decedent's interest in the property; or
 - (3) a Massachusetts Certificate of Release of Estate Tax Lien formerly known as an "M-792" relative to the decedent's interest in the property; or
 - (4) a deed for the real property from such Survivors that contains a recital that the decedent has died, even if no date or place of death is recited, provided, however, that such deed has been recorded for more than 20 years; or
 - (5) a subsequently recorded death certificate of the Survivor that lists the Survivor's marital status as widowed and that identifies the predeceased joint owner as the spouse of the decedent; or
 - (6) in a case in which a previously recorded deed for the real property from such Survivor(s) to an arm's length purchaser for value exists, an affidavit given by an attorney in good standing pursuant to G.L. c. 183 §§ 5A or 5B:
 - (i) that states that a death certificate cannot be obtained because such records are confidential or unavailable in the jurisdiction where the decedent died and includes a supporting narrative, and
 - (ii) that appends a true copy of a published obituary that provides the date of death.

APPLICATION IN THE REAL WORLD

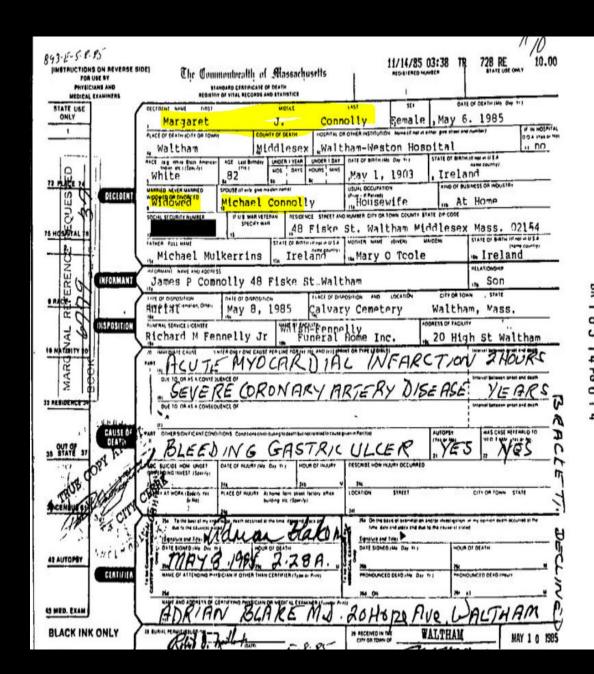
- Prior to Amendment record title required one of the following:
 - ✓ Death Certificate
 - ✓ Massachusetts Tax Releases
 - ✓ Federal Tax Releases
 - ✓ 20 years since recitation indeed from remainder or joint owner
- Practical issues for down stream owners
 - ✓ Not possible to obtain death certificate (certain states limit who can obtain)
 - ✓ Death occurred outside of the country
 - ✓ Delay in acquiring documents, when death is certain

Example:

Property owned by <u>Margaret J. Connolly</u> and Michael Connolly

- Margaret and Michael deed to James Connolly and reserve a life estate
- Margaret and Michael have both died and James sells the property in 1990 to Bonnie Buyer, but the title exam completed for Bonnie Buyer misses that there is NO death certificate recorded for Michael.
- ➤ Bonnie is selling in 2022 to Nellie Newhouse. Nellie's attorney identifies the life estate of record held by Michael

- Bonnie is not related to the Connolly family so she has no idea if Michael has died
- Searching Vital records for a Michael Connolly is time consuming and may be cost prohibitive
- Google searches for obituaries aren't helpful in locating date or place of death (probably due to age)
- Bonnie doesn't have title insurance!
 Cure:
- Margaret's death certificate was recorded at the time of sale and can provide proof of Michael's death



Title Standard 71 – 2020 Amendment to Comments and Notes

Notes and Comments

- (1) As to the recording of a death certificate as a matter of practice, see REBA Practice Standard No. 10.
- (2) For purposes of this Title Standard, the term "joint owners" shall include joint tenants and tenants by the entirety.
- (3) When a death certificate or probate is outside of the county where the land is located, it is the recommended practice to note in the title reference of the deed being recorded, the county where the death certificate is recorded or the probate is filed.
- (4) The spouse of a widowed Survivor may be identified by his/her birth name on the death certificate issued by the municipality.
- (5) An affidavit recorded pursuant to (b)(6) of this Title Standard must be based on personal knowledge, contain sufficient information setting forth the steps taken to obtain the death certificate, cite the statutory or regulatory bar existing which prohibits obtaining the death certificate by the record title owner, contain a recitation of the facts discovered or known to the affiant, and the source of information which establishes that the person identified in the obituary was the owner for whom proof of death is necessary to establish the record title.
- (6) For purposes of this Title Standard a published obituary shall include digital publication of the obituary through the funeral home or digital obituary publication service.

Caveat

- (1) As to registered land, see Land Court Guideline No. 14 (May 1, 2000, Revised February 27, 2009).
- (2) While M-792s, L-8s or L-53s are considered sufficiently reliable evidence of death under the circumstances discussed in this title standard, an Estate Tax Affidavit pursuant to G.L. c. 65C, §14(a) is not.

EXAMPLE – MA ESTATE TAX RELEASE

120



Commonwealth of Massachusetts Department of Revenue Geoffrey E. Snyder, Commissioner



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Letter ID: L0749036352 tice Date: April 6, 2021 Case ID: 0-001-126-236



CERTIFICATE RELEASING MASSACHUSETTS ESTATE LIEN

ELIZABETH A JONES 16 S MAIN ST TOPSFIELD MA 01983-1813

This is a copy of a letter sent to: ESTATE OF CAROLYN F PROCOPIO

In response to your request, the Department of Revenue is issuing this certificate releasing the Massachusetts Estate lien for the Estate of CAROLYN F PROCOPIO. Review the information below and call us at (617) 887-6930 if you have any questions.

Taxpayer Information

Name of Decedent CAROLYN F PROCOPIO
Social Security Number ***_**-9865
Date of Death 06/24/2020

Lien Information

Address of Property 4 Lamoil Street
Woburn, MA 01801-0000
Lien Released Date 03/24/2021
Probate Court N/A
Docket Number
Registry where deed was recorded Middlesex South
Date of Deed 11/04/1998
Book Number 29483

Commissioner of Revenue

Page Number

TITLE STANDARD 14 MISSING PROBATES

What changed and why?

- ➤ In 2019, the SFC desired to remove any ambiguity as to a filing of Voluntary Administration for a decedent
- Comment 3 was added in 2019, which stated that a Voluntary Administration was not a probate proceeding
- ➤ A Voluntary Administration cannot be employed to convey real property or determine heirs at law, as its sole use is for distribution of personal property of no greater value than a particular statutory dollar amount.
- > Thus, if your title examination shows a voluntary administration, it must be treated like a missing probate

Pre-Amendment

REBA Title Standard No. 14 Missing Probates

A title dependent on a deed from heirs of a person for whom there are no Massachusetts probate proceedings is not defective if:

- (1) the decedent died more than 25 years ago, and
 - (a) a recorded affidavit or death certificate shows the date of death and place of residence at death, and
 - (b) an affidavit recorded pursuant to G.L. c. 183, §§ 5A or 5B names the decedent's heirs, states that the decedent died intestate, and declares that no probate proceedings have been filed in any jurisdiction,

or

(2) the decedent died more than 50 years ago and instruments recorded in the chain of title of land of the decedent identify the heirs.

Comments

- 1. (a) G.L. c. 193, § 4 limited the effect of administration proceedings begun after 20 years. G.L. c. 191, §§ 12 and 13 required wills to be presented promptly. G.L. 197, § 19 precluded a sale of real estate to pay legacies after six years. (All repealed, effective March 31, 2012)
- (b) G.L. c. 190B provides with limited exceptions that a probate may be opened only within 3 years from date of death (G.L. c. 190B, §3-108) and that a proceeding to determine heirs may be opened thereafter (G.L. c. 190B, §3-402).
- 2. When the owner has been dead 25 years without probate or administration, the risk is deemed negligible that others than the grantee from the heirs have a valid interest in the land.

Title Standard 14 – Amendment

Missing Probates

A title dependent on a deed from heirs of a person for whom there are no Massachusetts probate proceedings is not defective if:

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filed in any jurisdiction,

or

(2) the decedent died more than 50 years ago and instruments recorded in the chain of title of land of the decedent identify the heirs.

Comments

- 1. (a) G.L. c. 193, § 4 limited the effect of administration proceedings begun after 20 years. G.L.c. 191, §§ 12 and 13 required wills to be presented promptly. G.L. 197, § 19 precluded a sale of real estate to pay legacies after six years. (All repealed, effective March 31, 2012)
- (b) G.L. c. 190B provides with limited exceptions that a probate may be opened only within 3 years from date of death (G.L. c. 190B, §3-108) and that a proceeding to determine heirs may

be opened thereafter (G.L. c. 190B, §3-402).

- 2. When the owner has been dead 25 years without probate or administration, the risk is deemed negligible that others than the grantee from the heirs have a valid interest in the land.
- 3. For purposes of Title Standard 14, the filing of a Voluntary Administration under G.L. c. 190, §3-1201 or G.L. c. 195, § 16 shall not be deemed a probate proceeding.

EXAMPLE – VOLUNTARY ADMINISTRATION

VOLUNTARY ADMINISTRATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO G.L. c. 190B, § 3-1201

1681374

Docket No.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts The Trial Court Probate and Family Court

- 3. At least 30 days have elapsed since the death of Decedent:
- 4. A death certificate issued by a public officer is in the possession of the Court or accompanies this statement.
- 5. A The Petitioner is unaware of any unrevoked Will relating to property in Massachusetts.

OR

- The original Will and codicil(s) are in the possession of the Court or accompanies this statement. The Petitioner is unaware of any instrument revoking the Will and believes that the Will is the decedent's last Will.
- Copies of this statement and the death certificate have been sent by certified mail to the Division of Medical Assistance Estate Recovery Unit, P.O. Box 15205, Worcester, MA 01615-0205.
- 7. The probate estate consists entirely of personal property and the total value of all personal property owned by the Decedent and subject to disposition by Will or intestate succession at the time of the Decedent's death does not exceed \$25,000.00, exclusive of one motor vehicle.